



Judul Naskah Publikasi **(Center, Bold, Cambria 20, 1 spacing)**

(Title in Bahasa Indonesia is not more than 12 words, Title in English is not more than 10 words. The author is allowed to use creative titles and attract readers. Words of influence (pengaruh), relationships (hubungan), and case studies (studi kasus) should not be used as titles. The location of the study is presented in the method section, not referred to as the title)

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Abstract

Abstract should be write in maximum 250 word with cambria font 11 point, 1 spacing. Abstract should be clear, descriptive, and should provide a brief overview of the problem studied. Abstract is discribing the reasons of selection of research topics, hipothesis, research methods and a summary of the results. Abstract should end with a comment about the importance of the results or conclusions brief. The abstract is written in English or Bahasa Indonesia

Keywords: (in italics, alfabetic) 3-5 words

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INTRODUCTION [Cambria 11, bold]

This section covers the background of the issues or problems and the urgency and the rationale of the study. The purpose of the study and the plan to solve the problems are stated in this section. Relevant literature reviews and hypotheses development (if any) are stated in this section. This part is closed by state of the art (the specification of the purpose of the study and the difference with the other studies) [Cambria, 11, 1.15 spacing]. Maximum 15% of the entire article.

METHODOLOGY [Cambria 11, bold]

This part covers the study approach, the object of the study, scope, the data collection instruments, place, the data collection technique, and the analysis technique. [Cambria, 11, 1.15 spacing]. Maximum 10% of the entire article.

RESULT AND DISCUSSION [Cambria 11, bold]

This section presents the result of the study, discussion, and the finding. The result of the study provides the data of the study. The discussion section analyzes, compares, contrasts the data with the relevant result of the other studies. The finding section serves novelty in the form of generalization, concept, theory, formulation, principle, and postulate. The discussion result and findings of the study need to be strengthened by an illustration in the form of table or figure (graphic, diagram, chart, photo, example). [Cambria, 11, 1.15 spacing].. The portion of the result and discussion section is at least 70% of the entire article.



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CONCLUSION [Cambria 11, bold]

This section covers a brief overview of the result of the study and discussion, including the implication of the study and suggestion. [Cambria, 11, 1.15 spacing]. Maximum 5% of the entire article.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT (if any) [Cambria 11, bold]

Appreciation towards people or parties who contribute and/or assist the article writing process. [Cambria, 11, 1.15 spacing].

REFERENCES

Reference writing refers to the American Psychological Association (APA) 6Ed in 2010:

<http://www.apastyle.org/pubmanual.html>.

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